Use a calculator to explore quadratic equations of the form $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$.

1. Graph the related function for each of the quadratic equations in the table to determine how many real solutions each equation has. Then complete the table as shown.

| Quadratic <br> Equation | Number <br> of Real <br> Solutions |  | $\boldsymbol{a}$ |  | $b$ | $c$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{c}^{2}$ | $b^{2}-4 a c$ |  | Is $b^{2}-4 a c$ <br> positive, <br> negative, <br> or zero? |  |  |  |
| $x^{2}+2 x-8=0$ | 2 | 1 | 2 | -8 | 36 | Positive |
| $x^{2}-8 x+16=0$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $x^{2}+6 x+11=0$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $2 x^{2}+3 x+3=0$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $4 x^{2}-8 x+3=0$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $4 x^{2}+4 x+1=0$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2. Look for a relationship between the number of real solutions and the value of $b^{2}-4 a c$. What do you notice?

## THINK AND DISCUSS

3. Discuss what you can conclude about a quadratic equation for which $b^{2}-4 a c>0$.
4. Explain what you know about the value of $b^{2}-4 a c$ for $a$ quadratic equation that has exactly one real solution.

## Using the Quadratic Formula and the Discriminant

Use a calculator to explore quadratic equations of the form $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$.

1. Graph the related function for each of the quadratic equations in the table to determine how many real solutions each equation has. Then complete the table as shown.

| Quadratic <br> Equation | Number <br> of Real <br> Solutions | $\boldsymbol{a}$ | $\boldsymbol{b}$ | $\boldsymbol{c}$ | $\boldsymbol{b}^{2}-\mathbf{4 a c}$ | Is $\boldsymbol{b}^{2}-4 a c$ <br> positive, <br> negative, <br> or zero? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x^{2}+2 x-8=0$ | 2 | 1 | 2 | -8 | 36 | Positive |
| $x^{2}-8 x+16=0$ | 1 | 1 | -8 | 16 | 0 | Zero |
| $x^{2}+6 x+11=0$ | 0 | 1 | 6 | 11 | -8 | Negative |
| $2 x^{2}+3 x+3=0$ | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 | -15 | Negative |
| $4 x^{2}-8 x+3=0$ | 2 | 4 | -8 | 3 | 16 | Positive |
| $4 x^{2}+4 x+1=0$ | 1 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0 | Zero |

2. Look for a relationship between the number of real solutions and the value of $b^{2}-4 a c$. What do you notice?

## THINK AND DISCUSS

3. Discuss what you can conclude about a quadratic equation for which $b^{2}-4 a c>0$. The equation has 2 real solutions.
4. Explain what you know about the value of $b^{2}-4 a c$ for $a$ quadratic equation that has exactly one real solution.
5. 2 real solutions if $b^{2}-4 a c>0 ; 1$ real solution if $b^{2}-4 a c=0$; no real solutions if $b^{2}-4 a c<0$
6. $b^{2}-4 a c=0$
