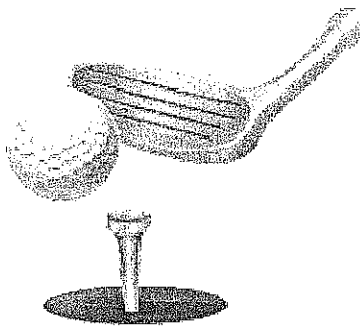


KEY

$$y = -16x^2 + 80x$$

Applications Day 1 Exit Activity



The height h (in feet) above the ground of a golf ball depends on the time, t (in seconds) it has been in the air.

Ed hits a shot off the tee that has a height modeled by the velocity function $f(t) = -16t^2 + 80t$.

(sec) time	(feet) dist
x	y
0	0
1	64
2	96
3	96
4	64
5	0

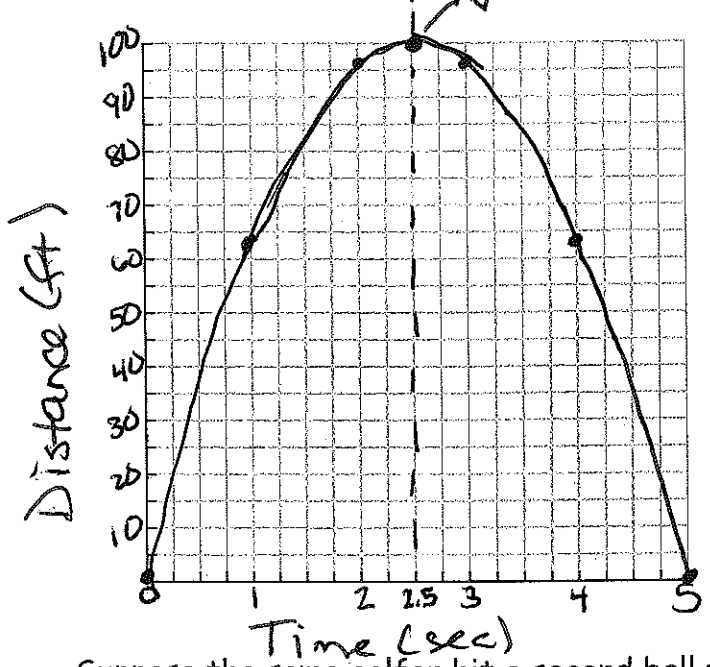
Create a table of values to represent this function.

State the Axis of Symmetry equation $x = 2.5$

State the vertex point $(2.5, 100)$

The graph opens down and the vertex will be the maximum value in the function.

Sketch the graph:



How long is the ball in the air? 5 sec

What is the maximum height of the ball? 100 feet

How long after it is hit does the ball reach its maximum height? 2.5 sec

What is the height of the ball at 3.5 seconds? Is there another time at which the ball is at this same height?
84 feet; Yes at 1.5 sec

At approximately what time is the ball 65 feet in the air? at ≈ 1 & 4 seconds

Suppose the same golfer hit a second ball from a tee that was elevated 20 feet above the fairway. What effect would that have on the values in your table?

Every y-value would be 20 feet more