

Factoring Day 1

Homework *PreAP*

Name Key
Date _____ Period _____

The greatest common factor (GCF) of two or more integers is the greatest number that is a factor of both the integers. EX: The GCF of 12 and 30 is 6.

The distributive property has been used to multiply a polynomial by a monomial. It can also be used to express a polynomial in factored form. Compare the two columns in the table below.

| Multiplying | Factoring |
|---|---|
| $3(a + b) = 3a + 3b$ | $3a + 3b = 3(a + b)$ |
| $x(y - z) = xy - xz$ | $xy - xz = x(y - z)$ |
| $6x(2x + 1) = 6x(2x) + 6x(1)$ $= 12x^2 + 6x$ | $12x^2 + 6x = 6x(2x) + 6x(1)$ $= 6x(2x + 1)$ |

I. Complete.

1. $9a + 18b = 9(\underline{a} + 2b)$

2. $12mn + 80m^2 = 4m(3n + \underline{20m})$

3. $7c^3 - 7c^4 = 7c^3(\underline{1} - c)$

4. $4xy^3 + 16x^2y^2 = \underline{4xy^2}(y + 4x)$

II. Factor each polynomial by finding the GCF.

5. $24x + 48y$

$\underline{24(x + 2y)}$

6. $9x^2 - 3x$

$\underline{3x(3x - 1)}$

7. $45s^3 - 15s^2$

$\underline{15s^2(3s - 1)}$

8. $q^3 - 13q^2 + 22q$

$\underline{q(q^2 - 13q + 22)}$

9. $2a^3 + 4a^2b + 2ab^2$

$\underline{2a(a^2 + 2ab + b^2)}$

10. $12a^3b + 96a^2b + 84ab$

$\underline{12ab(a^2 + 8a + 7)}$

11. $x^5 + 4x^4 + 23x^3 + x$

$\underline{x(x^4 + 4x^3 + 23x^2 + 1)}$

12. $30mn^2 + m^2n - 6n$

$\underline{n(30mn + m^2 - 6)}$

13. $2x^2 + 14x + 24$

$\underline{2(x^2 + 7x + 12)}$

★ 14. $-64x^2 - 8x + 16$

$\underline{-8(8x^2 + x - 2)}$